

New York, Oct. 2.—Silver, 68 7/8c; lead, \$7.00@7.20; spelter, \$9.375@9.625; copper, \$27.00@28.50.

WEATHER—Utah: Partly Cloudy
 Tonight, Cooler in North Portion;
 Heavy Frost in Localities in West
 Portion; Wednesday Fair.

Austro-German Troops in Transylvania Retreat Before Large Rumanian Forces

Tide of Battle Fluctuating in the Eastern Theater of War; Germans Strike Back on Somme

Berlin, Oct. 3, via London, 5:11 p. m.—The war office announced today that Austrian and German monitors had destroyed the pontoon bridges across the Danube in the rear of the Rumanian forces which have crossed the river and invaded Bulgaria.

Berlin, Oct. 3, via London, 5:12 p. m.—Official announcement was made here today that Austro-German troops in Transylvania in the region north of Fogaras had withdrawn before superior Rumanian forces.

Rumania's stroke against the Central Powers in throwing a force across the Danube into Bulgaria is the outstanding feature in the current war news.

Should this army prove to be of formidable size, it will constitute a serious menace to Field Marshal von Mackensen's left flank and might easily force his retirement from the present front, south of the Constantza Tchernavoda railway. He already is being subjected to heavy pressure along this line by the Russians and Rumanians, presumably in connection with the flanking operations.

The latest statement from Sofia minimizes the importance of the Rumanian invasion, mentioning the invading force as consisting of "several battalions," conveyed across the river in boats between Rustchuk and Turtukal. "Measures have been taken to attack this force," the official bulletin declares.

Tide of Battle Fluctuates.
 In Macedonia, as elsewhere in the eastern war theatre, the allies are pressing offensive movements presumably to prevent reinforcements being sent by the Central Powers from one field of activity to another. The tide of battle is fluctuating on both wings.

The Serbians appear to have gained the upper hand in the hilly Kaimakalan region. Sofia admits a Bulgarian retreat there and the French official report announces a new advance by the Serbians, who have captured first line trenches and taken another Bulgarian battery.

Bulgarians Are Repulsed.
 Entente statements declare the Bulgarians were repulsed in the eastern end of the Macedonian front and in attacks upon British positions east of the Struma. Sofia, however, reports the capture by Bulgarian forces of the villages of Jenikol and Novolyn, which the British had been taken.

On the Somme front a period of counter attacks by the Germans appears to have set in. They have been striking back strongly at the British along the Pozieres-Bapaume road, working their way back into the village of Eaucourt l'Abaye and today they are reported by Paris to have attempted heavy strokes at the French lines near Rancourt, north of Peronne. They were unable, however, to debouch from the St. Pierre-Vaast wood north of Rancourt, Paris declares, being checked by the French curtain of fire and machine guns.

Mackensen Evacuates Forts.

London, Oct. 3, 3 p. m.—Field Marshal von Mackensen, who commands the forces of the Central Powers operating against the Russians and Rumanians in the province of Dobruja, has ordered the evacuation of the Danube fortresses of Siliustria and Turtukal recently captured by the Teuton, Bulgarian and Turkish forces, says a dispatch from Rome to the Wireless Press.

The reason given for the withdrawal of von Mackensen's forces is that the German commander is in danger of being enveloped by the Russian and Rumanian troops which have crossed the Danube between Rustchuk and Turtukal.

Bulgarians Meet Repulse.

London, Oct. 3, 2:35 p. m.—Bulgarian counter attacks on the British forces which crossed the river Struma on the Macedonian front, were repulsed yesterday, the war office announced today.

Following is the statement: "Yesterday the Bulgarians counter attacked with three battalions against our new positions on the east bank of the Struma, but were repulsed. One of our battalions then charged with the bayonet and routed the enemy, taking 40 prisoners."

"The Royal Flying corps carried out successful bombing attacks on troops in transport in Prosenik and on a railroad train traveling from there to Sares."

Petrograd, Oct. 2, 10:50 p. m., via London, 10:55 p. m.—The fighting along the southwest front has reached another of its periodic climaxes, which has reached another of its periodic climaxes, which has turned in favor of the Russians, yielding them a large number of prisoners, and has again

BULGAR FORCES DRIVEN BACK

Heavy Serbian Artillery Fire Forces Enemy to Withdraw in Macedonia.

ARMY ADVANCES

Fleet Bombards Aegean Coast—Russian Troops Retreat Under Heavy Fire.

Sofia, Oct. 2, via London, Oct. 3, 5:55 a. m.—Retreat by the Bulgarians under heavy Serbian artillery fire is reported today in an official statement which says:

"Macedonian front: In the Lake Prespa region there was considerable artillery activity without infantry action at Hill 1944 south of Kaimakalan. As a consequence of violent artillery fire on the summit and in order to avoid unnecessary loss, our troops were ordered to withdraw to their main position in the Moglenia valley. There was violent reciprocal artillery fire west and east of the Vardar."

"Weak artillery fire took place at the foot of the Belaschita mountain. A patrol engagement resulted in our favor near the Poroi station."

Entente Troops Advance.
 "On the Struma front enemy battalions which advanced under the protection of a hurricane of fire succeeded in occupying the villages of Karadjakol, Jenikol and Novolyn. By counter attacks we drove the enemy from the two last named villages to their former positions. Fighting near Karadjakol continues."

"On the Aegean coast the enemy fleet bombarded without result a height north of Oragno."

"In the Dobruja two Russian divisions attempted twice to advance on the Becha Oul-Amzatia-Toprals-Sara line but they were compelled to retreat under the fire of our artillery and infantry. There was quiet on the Black sea coast."

Serbian Forces Progressing.
 Paris, Oct. 3, 12:30 p. m.—The Serbians fighting in the Kaimakalan region on the Macedonian front have placed at several battalions by the war office announcement, taking first line trenches from the Bulgarians and capturing another battery.

Bulgarian attacks on British positions on the left bank of the Struma were repulsed, the Bulgarians sustaining heavy losses.

Rumanians Invade Bulgaria.
 Sofia, Oct. 2, via London, Oct. 3, 6:30 a. m.—The number of Rumanians who have invaded Bulgaria is advanced at several battalions by the Bulgarian war office. A statement announcing the passing of Danube by the invaders says:

"On the Danube near Lianoo, between Rustchuk and Turtukal, the enemy conveyed to our banks in boats several battalions. Measures have been taken to attack this force."

HIGHEST PRICES FOR FOOD PRODUCTS

Chicago, Oct. 3.—What are characterized as the highest prices ever known at this season of the year for butter and eggs at Chicago prevailed here today, according to reports from merchants. Extras in creamery butter sold at from 3 to 40 cents a pound as against 27 cents a year ago.

Other food products showed as much or more appreciation in value, a notable instance being potatoes which jobbers sold at \$1.45 a bushel as against 48 cents a year ago.

BRYCE DECRIES SPIRIT OF HATE

Talk of Lasting Trade War Causes Despair for the Future.

HOPES FOR U. S. AID

People Should Join in Action to Remove Terrors of War.

Birmingham, England, Oct. 3.—Viscount Bryce of Dechmont, former ambassador at Washington, addressing the Congressional Union today, decried the spirit of hate against the Germans and the talk of a lasting trade war. In conclusion he advocated a league to restrain aggression and compel arbitration.

"If there is to be a recurrence of wars, becoming more terrible with the unceasing advance of science," he said, "We may well despair of the future."

Lord Bryce recalled that Premier Asquith, Lord Grey and Mr. Balfour had expressed energetically and sincerely the need of such machinery and said that several groups of thinkers were working out their plans.

Would Preserve Peace.
 "To establish any machinery for preserving peace," continued Lord Bryce, "would be impossible without the co-operation of the neutral states and especially the greatest of all the neutral states. We have been waiting and watching to see whether America would, in view of her immense interests at stake, depart from her old policy of complete isolation and bear her part in the effort for securing a permanent alliance for peace."

An influential league for that purpose has already been formed there and now two momentous events have happened, no which I dwell because they have been little noticed here.

President Wilson's Speech.
 "President Wilson delivered four months ago a powerful and luminous speech in which he announced that the United States could not stand aloof from a movement in which the highest interests of mankind were concerned and that he felt sure of all the people of the United States were prepared to join in any feasible scheme for the prevention of future wars."

Hughes for Peace.
 "Two months ago Mr. Charles E. Hughes in accepting the nomination as candidate for the presidency by the Republican party declared with no less force and no less sincerity that he was convinced the time had come for America to unite with European countries in a well considered scheme for applying methods of arbitration and conciliation to securing general and permanent peace in the world."

"Thus the heads of the two great American parties, distinguished men and the official exponents of American opinion, have promised the co-operation of their nation in this project—one of great difficulty no doubt, but also of supreme importance."

People Should Be United.
 "Our people and the statesmen who lead our people could have no greater encouragement to address themselves, when the time comes, to this enterprise which they have already pronounced to be necessary. I ask your help to bring the matter before the people and show them how much we are under the necessity of removing the terror and the danger of war, which so long has hung like a black cloud over Europe. The churches could do no more truly Christian work."

Search for Feasible Plan.
 "Let us search for and try to put into practice some scheme for reducing and, if possible, at last for ending this oldest and most terrible scourge of mankind."

Lord Bryce said his country was virtually unanimous in holding that the war must be pursued to victory so complete as to open the prospect of an ending peace, and added:

"On the terms of that treaty the people will insist and ought to insist on expressing their opinion and the churches must do their part in helping to form it."

Churches Should Do Their Part.
 He declared that the precepts of Christianity coincide with those of political wisdom and that the churches should work for national unity and good feeling between the classes.

"If possible, let us repress the spirit of hate," he said. "We are justly indignant at the war, the enemy powers have waged. We trust that our victory will warn the world that such methods must never be resorted to again and that those guilty of them will be punished. But, is it wise to talk of banning a whole people for all time to come? The German people are under a harsh and tyrannical rule, which has not only deceived and misled them, but silences any protest—and there are those who wish to protest against its crimes. Some day we hope they will overthrow it, when they have learned the truth."

Revenge Sows Seeds of War.
 "To indulge in revenge will be to sow the seeds of future wars. Nations cannot hate one another forever and the sooner they cease to do so, the better for all of them. We must take all proper steps to defend ourselves from any dangers that might arise if, after the war, the enemy countries were to resume an insidious hostility. That is at present no more than a possibility which may never arise."

"But the talk we now hear about starting, after peace has been concluded, a new war of trade to follow the war of arms has immense capacities for mischief. Such a trade war would prolong and embitter afresh those hatreds that ought to be allowed to die, and it assumes a continuance of those very things from which we expect our victory to deliver us once for all."

Must Secure Durable Peace.
 "Our main purpose will have failed if we do not secure a durable peace. To prolong hatreds would increase suspicion, would lead in time to a recurrence of those very calamities from which we are now suffering. If severe terms have to be imposed, let that be done only so far as is necessary for securing future peace, not in a vindictive spirit which, in perpetuating hatreds, would end by rekindling the flames of war."

Lord Bryce advocated that the principles of nationality be respected as far as possible especially in the cases of Poland, the southern Slavs, Transylvania and Armenia.

BROOKLYN WINS LEAGUE PENNANT

Defeats Giants by Score 9 to 6—Race for World Series Clinched.

Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 3.—The Brooklyn team today clinched their grasp. Defeating New York this afternoon by a score of 9 to 6, while Boston was overcoming Philadelphia in their first game, the Brooklyn moved into such a position that the pennant becomes theirs should Philadelphia lose its second game to Boston today. The Giants' pitchers could not hold Brooklyn batters in check, and the home folks won easily.

Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, Oct. 3.—Brooklyn sent Sherrod Smith to the pitching mound today to make it straight over the New York Giants and strengthen their feeble hold on first place in the National league race, Benton faced the Brooklyn.

The batting order:
 Burns, lf.
 Herzog, 2b.
 Robertson, rf.
 Zimmerman, 3b.
 Fletcher, ss.
 Kauff, cf.
 Holke, 1b.
 Rariden, c.
 Benton, p.

Brooklyn.
 Johnston, 1b.
 Daubert, 1b.
 Meyers, cf.
 Wheat, lf.
 Cutshaw, 2b.
 Mowrey, 3b.
 Olson, ss.
 Miller, c.
 Smith, p.

First Inning.
 First half—New York, 3 runs. Smith threw Burns' hit into right field and the batter made second. Smith fumbled Herzog's grounder, Burns going to third. Robertson singled, scoring Burns and when Wheat's throw went through Miller, Herzog went to third. Smith threw out Zimmerman and Herzog was run down trying for home. Daubert to Mowrey to Cutshaw to Miller. Fletcher got a home-run, scoring Robertson. Kauff fanned.

Second half—Brooklyn, 0. Johnston went out to Holke unassisted. Daubert walked. Fletcher made an error on Meyers' grounder. Wheat forced Meyers, Herzog to Fletcher. Daubert going to third. On an attempted double steel Daubert was run down, Rariden to Benton to Zimmerman to Fletcher.

Second Inning.
 First half—New York, 0. Mowrey threw out Holke. Olson threw out Rariden. Smith tossed out Benton.

Second half—Brooklyn, 1. Cutshaw flied out to Robertson. Mowrey doubled to left. Mowrey scored on

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JAP CABINET RESIGNS.
 Tokio, Oct. 3.—The Nichi Nichi Shimbun in an extra edition announces that the cabinet of Premier Count Okuma has decided to resign. The premier is said to have stated that he would recommend to the emperor the appointment of Viscount Takaaki Kato as his successor.

First Game to Be played on National League Club's Field.

New York, Oct. 3.—At a meeting of the National Commission here today it was decided to play the first game of the world's series on Saturday, October 7, at the National League club's field.

If the series goes beyond four games, the first game will be played in Boston Thursday, October 12; the sixth in Philadelphia or Brooklyn, Friday, October 13, and the place for playing the seventh will be decided by the toss of a coin.

In case of a tie game or a postponement the clubs will remain in the city until such game is played off. The umpires for the series will not be announced until after the pennant winner in the National League is decided.

The second game also will be played on the Boston field Monday, October 9; the third and fourth games will be played in Brooklyn or Philadelphia after the National League race is decided on Tuesday and Wednesday, October 10 and 11.

AGED FATHER IS SENT TO SIBERIA

New York, Oct. 3.—Judge Otto Rosalsky of the special sessions court learned today from a relative who arrived from Russia that his uncle, Mayer Progradsky, 85 years old, who lived in the province of Suwalki, Russian Poland, has been sentenced by a Russian court martial to life-long exile in Siberia as a spy. The information was brought by Herman Progradsky, cousin of the judge and son of the exile. The emigrant said the court martial which tried his uncle found him guilty of selling grain to the Germans and acting as a spy.

BOSTON DEFEATS PHILADELPHIANS

Takes First Game of Double-Header by Score of 6 to 3.

GREAT GAME PLAYED

Crowd Constantly on Its Feet Home Rooters Greatly Disappointed.

National League Park, Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 3.—Boston defeated Philadelphia in the first game of today's doubleheader by the score of 6 to 3. Bunched hits by the Braves coupled with cluster of errors by the Phillies gave the visitors five runs in the seventh inning, more than enough to win. Philadelphia put in pinch hitters, but they were of no avail. Outside of the seventh inning, the game was well played and the crowd was constantly on its feet as many good plays were made. The defeat was a great disappointment to the home rooters who had banked on Rixey who started to pitch for Philadelphia, to win his game.

National League Park, Boston, Oct. 3.—Philadelphia and Boston staged another double header this afternoon in the last series of the season here. A crowd that again taxed the capacity of the park was present and cheered the home team which is one game behind Brooklyn in the fight for the National league pennant.

The batting order, first game:
 Boston—Snodgrass, c. f.; Maranville, s. s.; Fitzpatrick, r. f.; Konetchy, 1b.; Smith, 3b.; Magee, l. f.; Egan, 2b.; Gowdy, 1.; Rudolph, p.

Philadelphia—Paskert, c. f.; Byrne, 3b.; Stock, s. s.; Whitted, l. f.; Cravath, r. f.; Luderus, 1b.; Niehoff, 2b.; Killfer, c.; Rixey, p.

Umpires—O'Day and Emslie.

First Inning.
 First half—Boston 0. Stock threw out Snodgrass. Maranville doubled to center and took third on Fitzpatrick's single to the same field. Konetchy hit into a double play, Stock to Niehoff to Luderus.

Second half—Philadelphia 0. Paskert flied to Snodgrass. Byrne struck out. Smith threw out Stock.

Second Inning.
 First half—Boston 0. Smith walked. Magee flied to Byrne. Egan fanned. Gowdy forced Smith, Byrne to Niehoff.

Second half—Philadelphia 0. Whitted flied to Fitzpatrick. Cravath fouled out to Gowdy. Luderus singled to center. Niehoff flied to Magee.

Third Inning.
 First half—Boston 0. Rudolph grounded out, Luderus to Rixey. Snodgrass was hit by a pitched ball. Maranville hit into a double play, Stock to Niehoff to Luderus.

Second half—Philadelphia 0. Killfer fanned. Maranville threw out Rixey. Paskert walked. Byrne forced Paskert, Maranville to Egan.

Fourth Inning.
 First half—Boston 0. Fitzpatrick flied to Paskert. Byrne threw out Konetchy. Smith walked. Magee

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